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Figure 1: Schematic representation of the 1000 Genomes Project. The figure shows three rows of genomic segments. The top row represents the 1000 Genomes Project, with segments labeled '108' and '3'. The middle row represents the 1000 Genomes Project, with segments labeled '144' and '4'. The bottom row represents the 1000 Genomes Project, with segments labeled '6' and '6'. Each segment is represented by a colored bar (green, yellow, or grey) and a label indicating the number of segments and the number of individuals.

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Diagram illustrating the distribution of 144 chromosomes across 12 pairs of homologous chromosomes. Each pair is represented by two horizontal bars. The top bar of each pair is divided into segments representing different chromosome types: 'nbc' (blue), 'nbd' (green), and 'nbe' (yellow). The bottom bar is divided into segments representing different chromosome types: 'nbc' (blue), 'nbd' (green), and 'nbe' (yellow). The number of chromosomes of each type is indicated by the length of the segment. For example, in the first pair, the top bar has 1 'nbc' and 1 'nbd' segment, while the bottom bar has 1 'nbc' and 1 'nbd' segment. The total number of chromosomes is 144, and the distribution is consistent across all 12 pairs.

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